# Public Opinion Polls in the News

### Michael W. Traugott

Department of Communication Studies
Center for Political Studies
University of Michigan

### Organization of the presentation

- Brief history of media polling
- Current trends in the news business
- New polling methods and their use in the media
- Two case studies to learn more about current polling applications and how they impact our understanding of public opinion
- Conclusions

### Why elections make good news

- Elections are a central element of a democracy
- Occur on a schedule and can be planned and budgeted
- Are important and involve visible figures willing to be quoted
- Involve conflict with a resolution and declared winners and losers
- Have consequences for the control of government and the formulation of policy

### Did journalism invent polling?

- Harrisburg Pennsylvanian (1824) straw poll in the Andrew Jackson - John Quincy Adams race based upon 504 purchases/votes
- Periodic efforts into the 20th Century culminating in The Literary Digest's first national poll in 1916
- George Gallup and The Washington Post in 1936 predicted the The Literary Digest poll would be wrong and FDR would defeat Alf Landon

### The Founding Fathers



## Face-to-face interviews and their logistics

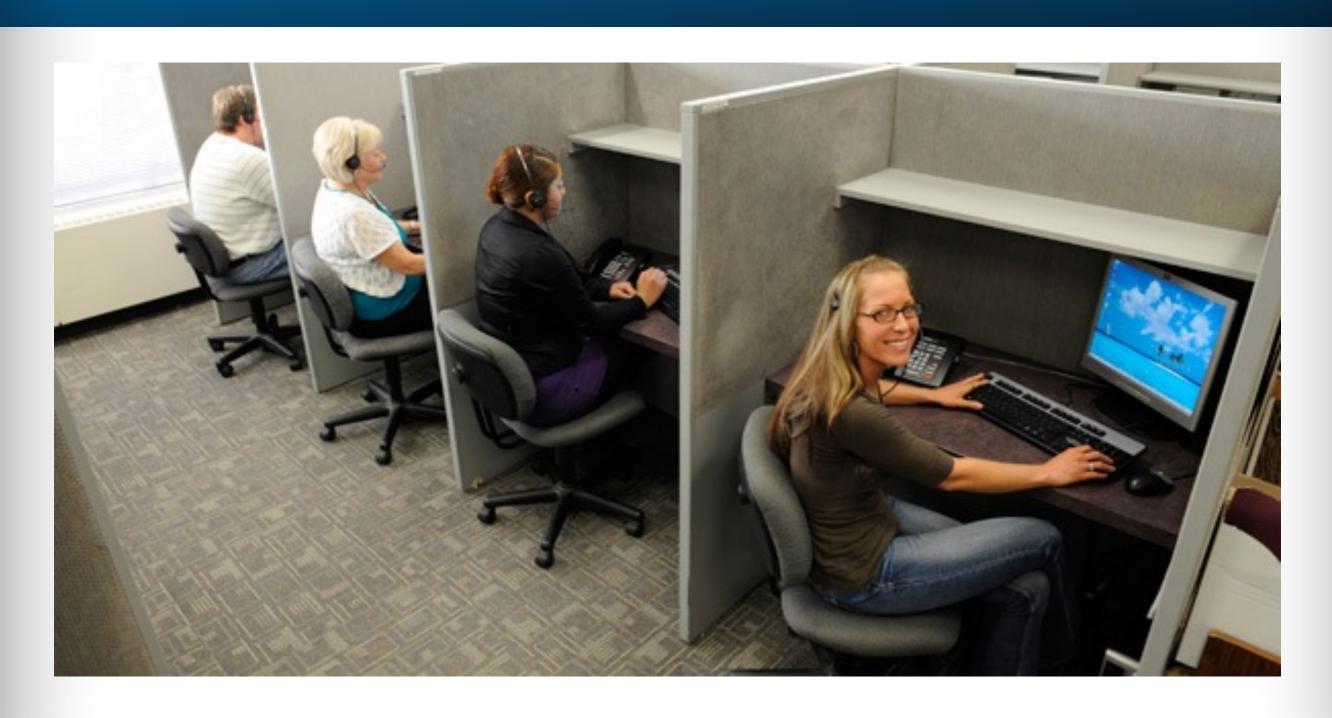




### What happened in 1948?



## The shift to telephone interviewing



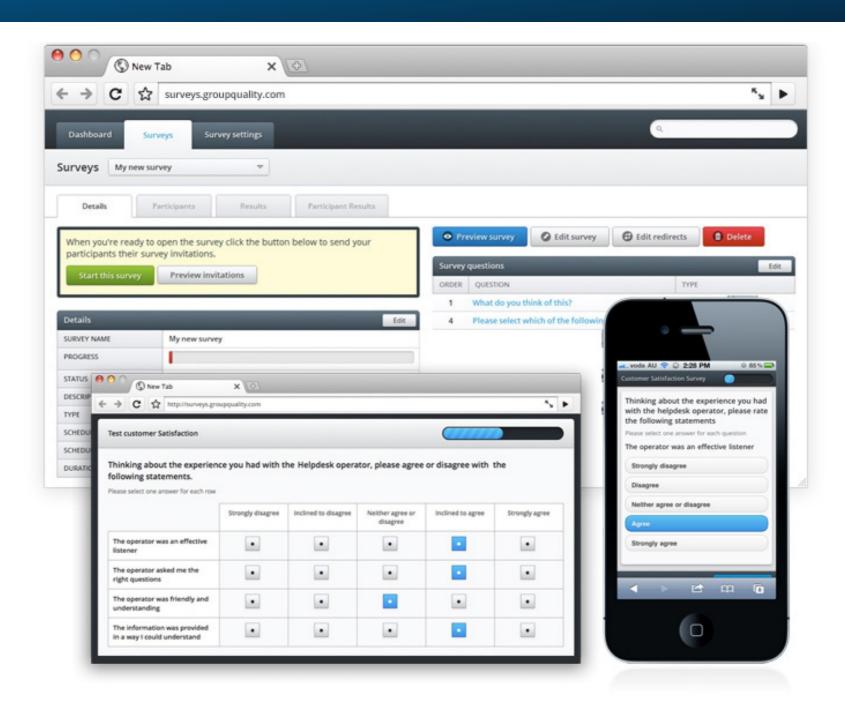
### Understanding the new polling environment

The combined advent of telephone penetration and discovery of the PC reduced the cost of interviewing and lowered the cost of entry into the field

Independent editorial judgements come to the fore

Partnerships between major metropolitan dailies and evening news broadcasts

### Understanding the new polling environment



### Issues with web polls

**Pros** 

Speed of data collection

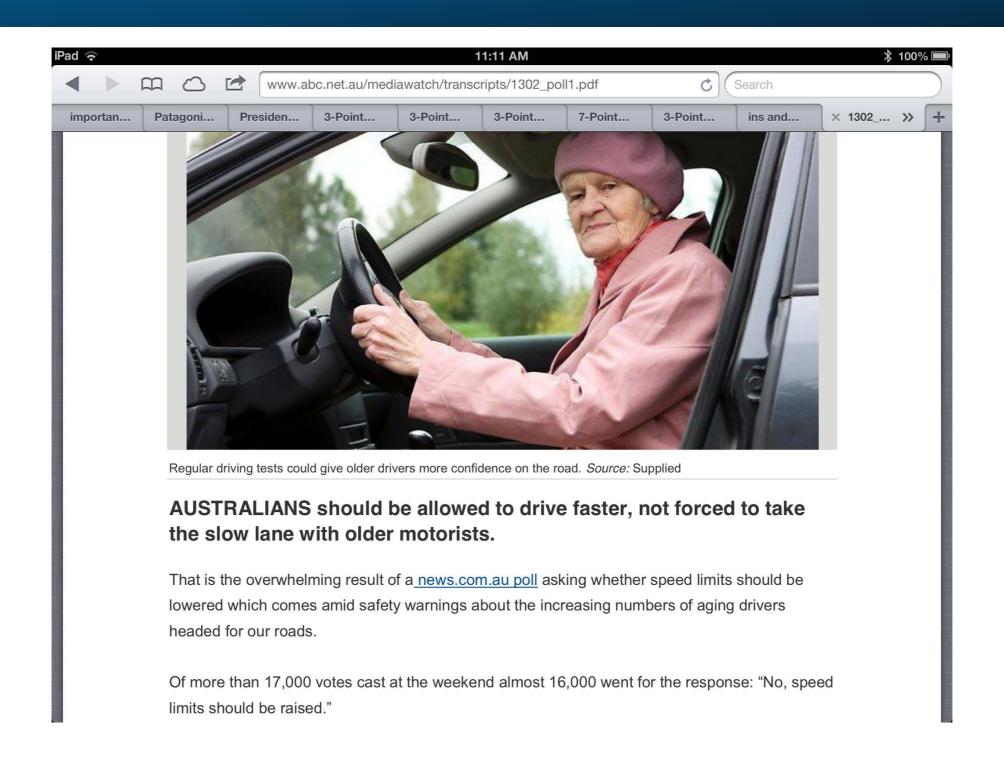
Potential use of audio and video stimuli

Cons

Sampling: penetration (representativeness) and self-selection

Potential for tampering

### Issues with web polls



### Issues with web polls



26th Nov 2012 to 16th Dec 2012

RESULTS: BIG BANKS
Thanks for voting!

Should the big banks immediately hand over interest rate cuts?

es (0540 w

50% (9549 votes)

50% (9549 votes) Total votes: 19098

Results: Pointy question

Thanks for voting! Should vaccinations for children be mandatory? No 50% (86527

votes) Yes 50% (86527 votes) Total votes: 173054

RESULTS: RADIO PRANK

Thanks for voting!
Did they go too far?
Yes. I am not amused

No. Lighten up people 50% (7253 votes)

50% (7253 votes)

Results: Free ambulance

Thanks for voting!

Should ambulance be free to all Australians?

res

33.33% (766 votes)

No

33.33% (766 votes)

Unsure

33.33% (766 votes)

Total votes: 2298

RESULTS: TODAY'S POLL

Thanks for voting!

Is arresting a goat on a leash in the Sydney CBD bureaucracy gone mad?

Yes

50% (5408 votes)

No

50% (5408 votes)

Total votes: 10816

Results: Driver's licence

Thanks for voting!

Do you feel ripped off by the looming \$70 fee hike to renew your driver's licence?

Yes

50% (787 votes) **No** 

50% (787 votes) Total votes: 1574 Results: Today's poll

Thanks for voting!

Should 2DayFM radio presenters Mel Greig and Michael Christian be blamed for the death of nurse Jacintha Saldanha?

50% (26721 votes)

No

50% (26721 votes)

**RESULTS: UP TO PUP** 

Total votes: 53442

Results: Settle the debate

Thanks for voting!

What term do you think should be used for the round-ball game? Football

50% (2058 votes)

Soccer

50% (2058 votes) Total votes: 4116 Thanks for voting!

Should Michael Clarke ask Shane Warne to make a comeback?

Yes 50% (7947 votes)

50% (7947 votes)

Total votes: 15894

POLL RESULTS: CARLTON CAPTAIN

Thanks for voting!
Who should captain
Carlton in 2013?

25% Marc Murphy RESULTS: VOTE NOW

Thanks for voting!

Is Phil Hughes the

RESULTS: SOCIAL MEDIA MARKETING

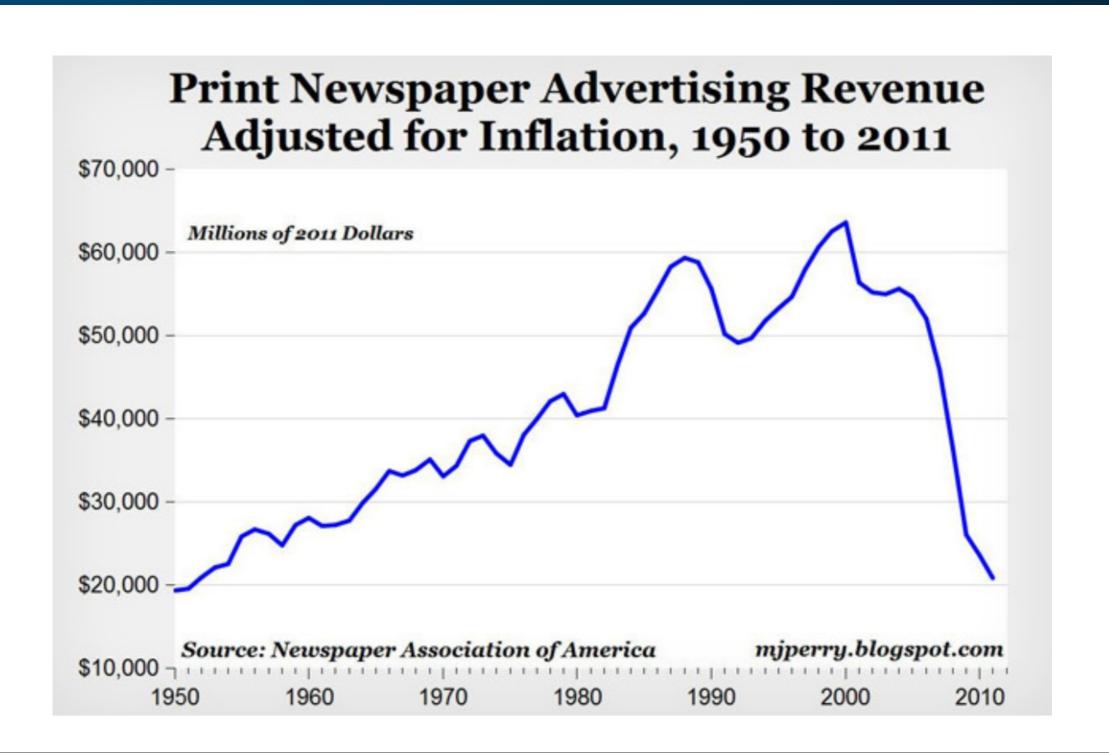
Thanks for voting!

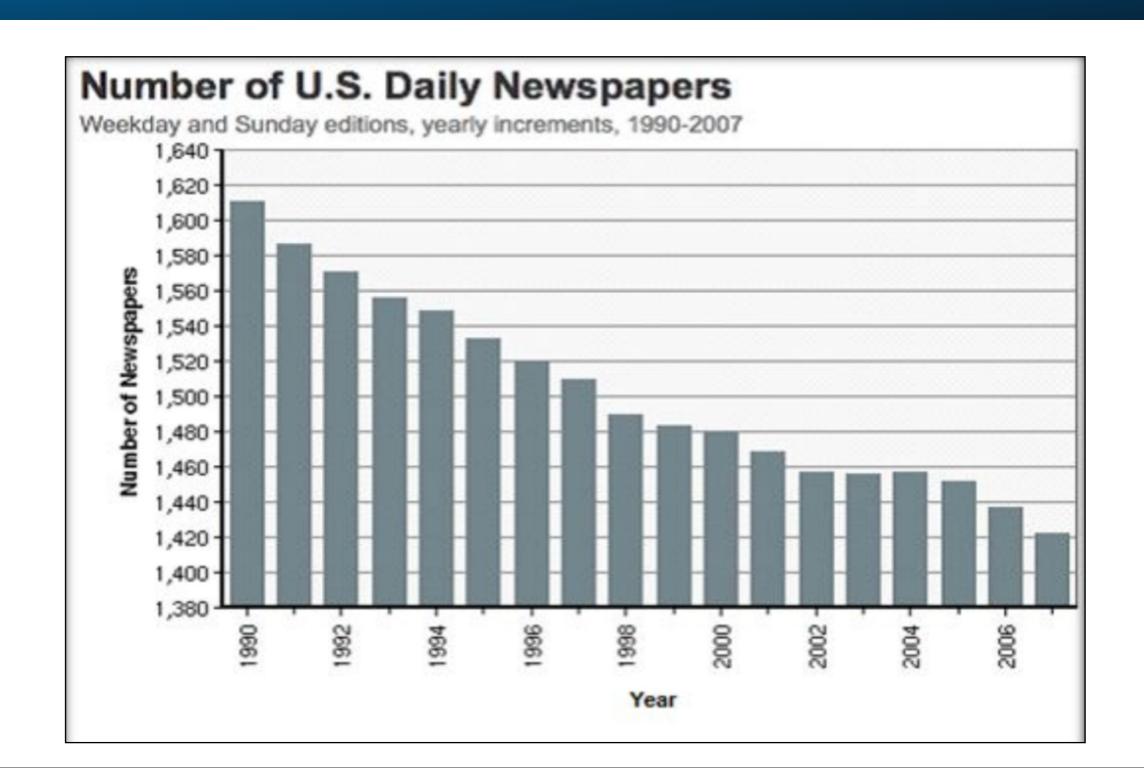
Do you buy what you see on social media?

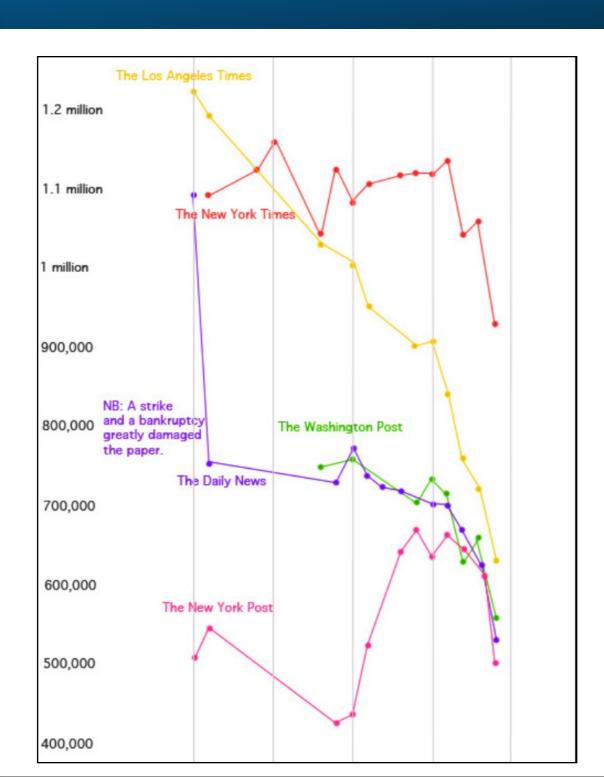
Always

### Rosenstiel's Identification of 6 Major Trends Affecting the Use of Polls in Today's News

- 1. Changes in the industry (cutbacks, repackaging secondhand material, demands of the 24-hour news cycle)
- 2. Proliferation of outlets offering news
- 3. Reduction in regular reporting: presenting information rather than gathering it
- 4. Growing reliance on daily tracking polls ("horse race" journalism)
- 5. Growing audience skepticism and political polarization
- 6. Inability of academics and pollsters to maintain standards and deepen journalists' understanding of public opinion research and how to use it in journalism
- 7. The data aggregators and modelers





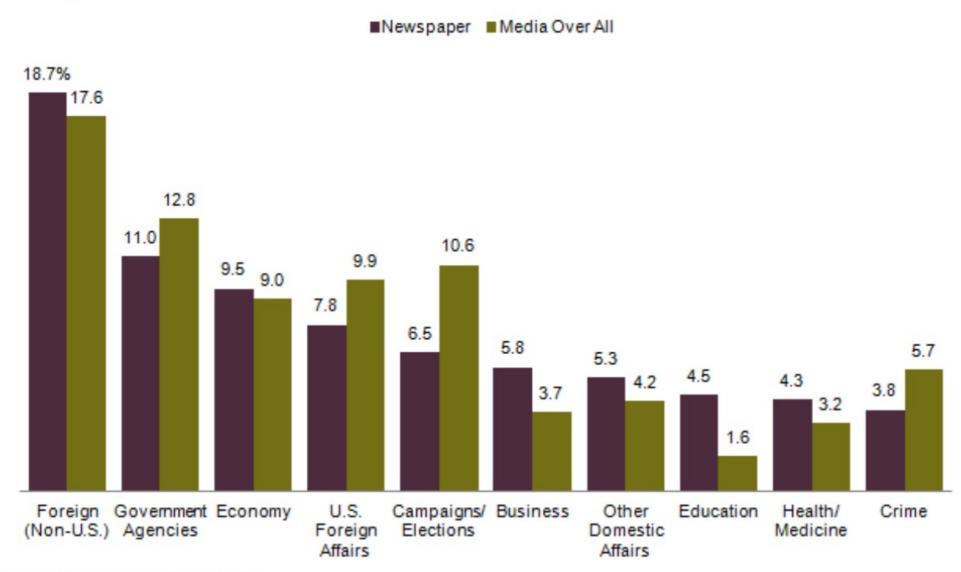


**Major Daily Newspaper** 

Circulation since 1990

#### Newspaper Topics Differ from Media Over All

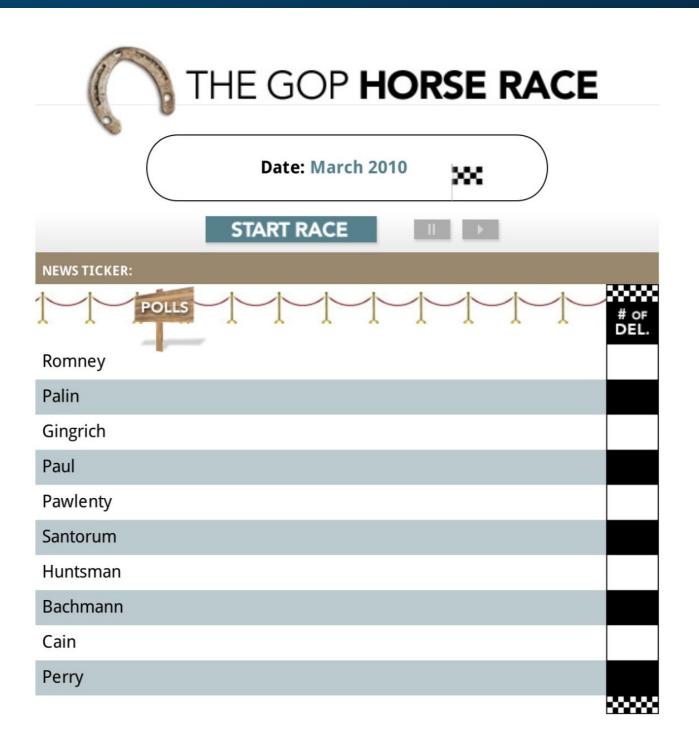
Percentage of Newshole



Source: PEJ, The Year in the News 2011

PEW RESEARCH CENTER'S PROJECT FOR EXCELLENCE IN JOURNALISM
2012 STATE OF THE NEWS MEDIA

### Ultimate "Horse Race" Coverage



## The impact of economics on polling

#### HUFFPOST > POLLSTER

#### Exit Polls Canceled In 19 States

The Huffington Post | By Ariel Edwards-Levy 🔰 🖒 Posted: 10/04/2012 1:24 pm Updated: 10/04/2012 7:23 pm

State-level exit polls after the election will only be conducted in 31 states this year, the Washington Post reports, with yet-to-be-named noncompetitive states excluded.

Exit polls, which are widely reported and used as a basis for research, have been conducted in each state after presidential elections since 1992. The National Election Pool, a consortium that includes the Associated Press, CNN, ABC News, CBS News, Fox News and NBC News, said interviews for a national exit poll will still include voters from all states.

ABC News director of elections Dan Merkle told the Washington Post the new plan would address growing expenses and "deliver a quality product in the most important states."

Conducting exit polling is a massive project, <u>involving thousands of interviews</u> conducted the day of the election, distributed to major news outlets and used to project the races after polls close.

Alaska, Arkansas, Delaware, Georgia, Hawaii, Idaho, Kentucky, Louisiana, Nebraska, North Dakota, Oklahoma, Rhode Island, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, West Virginia and Wyoming will be excluded from the poll, as will the District of Columbia.

## The impact of economics on polling





### Pollster pulls out of Fla., NC and Va., says Obama can't win there

By Jonathan Easley - 10/10/12 08:58 AM ET

Suffolk University pollster David Paleologos, whose polls are aggregated into mainstream averages to show where the presidential race stands in the swing states, said he's finished polling in Florida, North Carolina and Virginia because President Obama has no shot of winning those states.

"I think in places like North Carolina, Virginia and Florida, we've already painted those red, we're not polling any of those states again," Paleologos said Tuesday night on Fox's "The O'Reilly Factor." "We're focusing on the remaining states."

## Changes in contemporary reporting styles

A renewed focus on state-level data in conjunction with campaign targeting on "battleground states"

Estimating electoral vote counts as well as popular vote shares

Creating synthetic data from a "poll of polls"

Web sites and blogs have become an important venue for political news, including polls

### SO WHAT WILL THE CALIFORNIA POLL FINAL PRESS RELEASE LOOK LIKE?

When all of the votes are finally counted, the California Poll's Presidential Election Model indicates that Hillary Rodham Clinton is likely to defeat Jeb Bush in the state's popular vote by 52% to 40%. The remainder of the vote will be split among the Peace and Freedom Party and two other smaller parties. This estimate is based upon a combination of pre-election interviews with both reported voters and likely voters on Tuesday. It takes into account historical patterns of voting in recent California presidential elections as well.

When considering all of these factors, Field Research is very confident that Clinton will win. Her margin might be as low at 7 percentage points, and it might be as high as 17 percentage points. Turnout is expected to be 11,600,000 votes.

### The Data Aggregators

Increased emphasis on horse race coverage and the proliferation of polls at the state and national level has led to statistical modeling and the use of others' data

www.RealClearPolitics.com

www.MysteryPollster.com www.Pollster.com www.huffingtonpost.com/news/pollster/

"Poblano" on <u>www.DailyKos.com</u> <u>www.FiveThirtyEight.com</u> <u>fivethirtyeight.blogs.nytimes.com</u>

themonkeycage.org

election.princeton.edu



#### Washington Wire

Political Insight and Analysis From The Wall Street Journal's Capital Bureau

October 24, 2012, 4:42 PM

#### Aide: Obama Still Has Easier Path to Victory

Article

Comments (12)



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By Laura Meckler

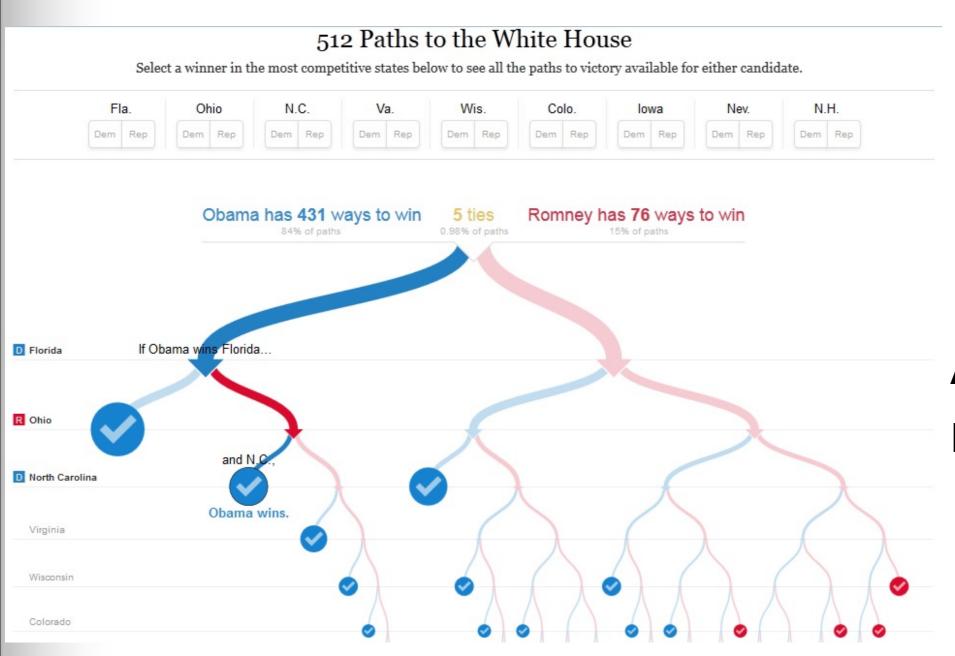
DAVENPORT, Iowa-Obama campaign officials they aren't fazed by improved polling numbers for **Mitt Romney**, saying they always expected a close race. Still, senior White House adviser **David Plouffe** made a point Wednesday to try to direct media attention to the battleground states and suggested ignoring national surveys.

"I assume in the closing days here, the attention will move more quickly to what is your pathway to the presidency. How are you acquiring 270 electoral votes?" he told reporters on a bus from a Davenport, Iowa, rally, the first of six battleground states Mr. Obama will visit over an intense two-day swing through six battleground states.

"We think we maintain a lot more plausible pathways to 270 than Gov. Romney, who we think has to essentially pull an inside straight in the Electoral College," he added.

### A change in reporting style





### A change in reporting style

## Case Study 1: CNN's Use of a "Poll of Polls" since 2004

NUMBER OF DAYS IN WHICH A NEW CNN "POLL OF POLLS" WAS RELEASED, 2004 - 12

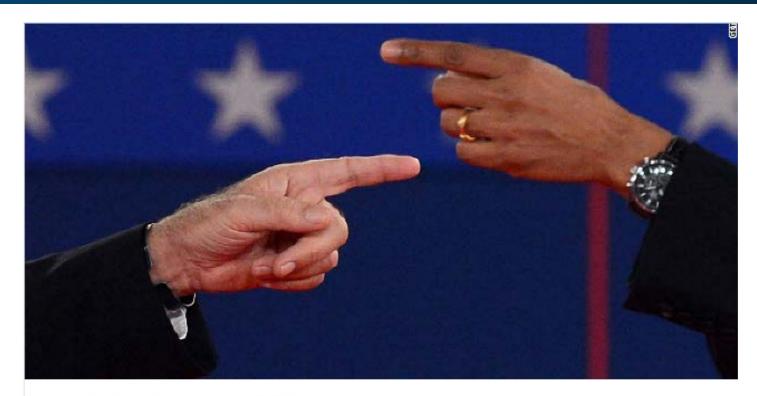
PRE-CONVENTION	2004	<u>2008</u>	2012		
June		9	9		
July		7	30		
August		9	26		
TOTAL	0	<del></del>	<del></del>		
GENERAL ELECTION			Nat'l	St	
September	1	24	15	16	
October	14	29	15	12	
November	1	3	2	4	
TOTAL	16	56	32	32	

## Case Study 1: CNN's Use of a "Poll of Polls" since 2004

NUMBER OF INDIVIDUAL GENERAL ELECTION POLLS TO COMPUTE CNN "POLL OF POLLS," 2004-12

		2004	2008	2012 Nat'l	2012 St
2					1
3			26	5	18
4			13	5	5
5		3	17	5	5
6		5	9	5	
7		1	6	4	1
8		2	7	4	
9			1		
10		3	1	2	
11		2	1		
		<del></del>			· <del></del>
	TOTAL	16	81	30	30

### The CNN "Poll of Polls" in 2012



November 5th, 2012

03:22 PM ET

SHARE COMMENTS (20 comments) 96 days ago

#### National polls all tied up



Posted by

CNN Political Editor Paul Steinhauser

Washington (CNN) — The day before the presidential election, an average of the eight national polls released Sunday and Monday indicates the race for the White House is all knotted up.

A CNN Poll of Polls compiled and released Monday afternoon indicates President Barack Obama at 49% and Republican nominee Mitt Romney at 48% among likely voters nationwide.

### The CNN "Poll of Polls" in 2012



November 5th, 2012 12:25 PM ET

96 days ago

CNN Poll of Polls: Ohio a close contest on eve of election



Posted by CNN's Ashley Killough

(CNN) – A new CNN Poll of Polls on Monday indicates the race in Ohio–perhaps the most decisive battleground this presidential cycle–is locked in a statistical dead heat.

# Interactive Voice Recognition (IVR) Polls: A Technology for Low Cost Data Collection (LCDC)

Use of a digitized voice as an interviewer

Calls to landline phones only, now sometimes supplemented with Internet panel respondents who have a cell phone

Very brief interviews

Rapid data collection with a very low response rate

How good are the samples?

### Case Study 2: How do poll-based news stories explain "Birthers"?

Mostly they don't - they just describe their prevalence in terms of marginals

When they offer explanations, they use demographics, party identification and ideology

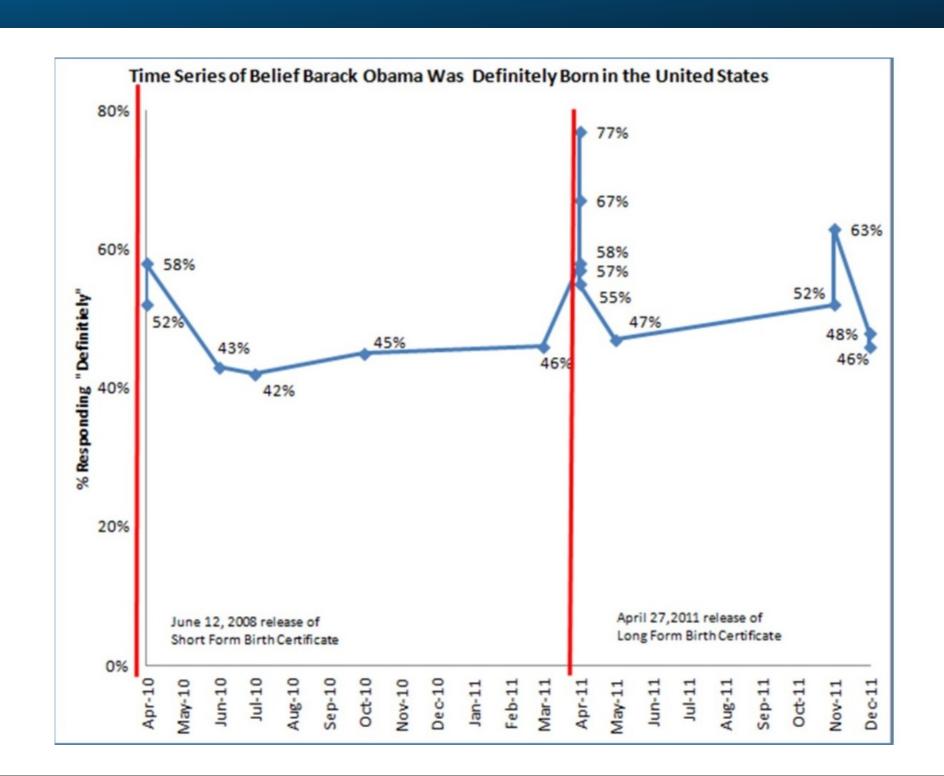
### Case Study 2: How do poll-based news stories explain "Birthers"?



### Case Study 2: How do poll-based news stories explain "Birthers"?



### The Prevalence of "Birther" Views



## Administrative parameters of LCDC surveys

Vendor/Sponsor ANES	Mode Web	Field Period 10/8 – 18 / 2010	Sample Size 1158	Total Cost \$39,920	Median Length (min.) 25.0	Cost / Interview \$34.47
CNN/ORC*	Phone	4/29 - 5 /1/ 2011	1034			
Gallup*	Phone	5/5 - 8 / 2011	1018			
Mechanical Turk	Web	11/9 - 11 / 2011	1033	\$ 590	5.0	\$ 0.75
Pulse Opinion Research	IVR / Web	11 / 30 /2011	1007	\$ 2,500	18.6	\$ 3.57
Qualtrics Panel	Web	12/1-5/2011	752	\$ 3,750	6.2	\$ 5.00
Zoomerang	Web	12 / 1 - 5 / 2011	1071	\$ 3,900	5.4	\$ 5.57
Survey Monkey/ (Zoomerang)	Web	12 / 21 – 24 /2012	958	\$ 3,780	9.0	\$ 3.95

<sup>\*</sup>Cost data are not available

### How different are the samples?

The Mechanical Turk sample is much younger than the others (46.2% 18-29 years) while the Pulse Opinion Research sample is much older (43.0% 65+ years)

The LCD samples are more female, with Mechanical Turk at 59.5% and Pulse Opinion Research at 60.3%.

The %White in the Pulse Opinion Research sample is 90.8%.

The LCD samples are better educated, with 49.1% of the Mechanical Turk sample and 49.7% of the Pulse Opinion Research having a BA or more.

## How do the samples look in political terms?

	ANES	2010		Mechai	nical Turk	_	Zoo	merang		Pulse	Opinion		Qualtri	cs Panel	
Party Identification (3-way)	N	UNW	W	N	UNW	W	N	UNW	W	N	UNW	W	N	UNW	W
Republican	330	27.3%	25.8%	285	28.3%	26.5%	359	36.7%	34.4%	558	49.3%	44.6%	270	36.0%	34.2%
Democrat	428	35.4	37.3	572	56.9	58.1	398	40.7	42.6	479	42.4	44.9	329	43.9	46.2
Independent	379	31.3	31.0	113	11.2	12.2	128	13.1	13.0	16	1.4	1.8	95	12.7	12.5
Other	72	6.0	5.9	36	3.6	3.2	94	9.6	9.9	78	6.9	8.7	56	7.5	7.1
Total	1209	100%	100%	1006	100%	100%	979	100%	100%	1131	100%	100%	750	100%	100%
4 1/ -															
4 V - 1:1 - 1															
1. Very liberal	68	5.8%	6.1%	91	9.0%	8.3%	45	4.6%	4.4%	28	3.4%	3.3%	34	4.5%	4.8%
Very liberal     Somewhat liberal	68 135	5.8% 11.5	6.1% 11.8	91 212	9.0% 21.1	8.3% 20.7	45 125	4.6% 12.7	4.4% 13.5	28 103	3.4% 12.4	3.3% 13.4	34 99	4.5% 13.2	4.8% 14.4
2. Somewhat liberal				-			1000		30303						
Very liberal     Somewhat liberal     A little liberal     Neither liberal nor conservative	135	11.5	11.8	212	21.1	20.7	125	12.7	13.5	103	12.4	13.4	99	13.2	14.4
Somewhat liberal     A little liberal     Neither liberal nor conservative	135 130	11.5 11.1	11.8 11.1	212 181	21.1 18.0	20.7 18.4	125 90	12.7 9.2	13.5 8.8	103 80	12.4 9.7	13.4 8.9	99 65	13.2 8.7	14.4 8.4
2. Somewhat liberal 3. A little liberal	135 130 344	11.5 11.1 29.3	11.8 11.1 29.4	212 181 207	21.1 18.0 20.6	20.7 18.4 20.3	125 90 267	12.7 9.2 27.2	13.5 8.8 27.2	103 80 181	12.4 9.7 21.9	13.4 8.9 25.4	99 65 232	13.2 8.7 30.9	14.4 8.4 30.5
2. Somewhat liberal 3. A little liberal 4. Neither liberal nor conservative 5. A little conservative 6. Somewhat conservative	135 130 344 157	11.5 11.1 29.3 13.4	11.8 11.1 29.4 13.4	212 181 207 120	21.1 18.0 20.6 11.9	20.7 18.4 20.3 11.6	125 90 267 101	12.7 9.2 27.2 10.3	13.5 8.8 27.2 10.4	103 80 181 139	12.4 9.7 21.9 16.8	13.4 8.9 25.4 15.7	99 65 232 70	13.2 8.7 30.9 9.3	14.4 8.4 30.5 9.5
2. Somewhat liberal 3. A little liberal 4. Neither liberal nor conservative 5. A little conservative	135 130 344 157 197	11.5 11.1 29.3 13.4 16.8	11.8 11.1 29.4 13.4 16.3	212 181 207 120 127	21.1 18.0 20.6 11.9 12.6	20.7 18.4 20.3 11.6 13.9	125 90 267 101 165	12.7 9.2 27.2 10.3 16.8	13.5 8.8 27.2 10.4 16.0	103 80 181 139 203	12.4 9.7 21.9 16.8 24.5	13.4 8.9 25.4 15.7 21.5	99 65 232 70 128	13.2 8.7 30.9 9.3 17.0	14.4 8.4 30.5 9.5 15.8

## What does this produce in "Birther" responses?

Obama Birthplace	ANE	\$2010		Mecha	nical Turl	k	Zo	omerang		Pulse	Opinion		Qualtri	cs Panel	
•															
Definitely born in															
the United States	531	45.3%	46.6%	632	62.9%	63.2%	474	48.2%	50.1%	577	51.9%	54.8%	349	46.5%	48.79
Probably born in															
the United States	320	27.3	26.8	211	21	20.1	159	16.2	15.1	249	22.4	21.3	143	19	18.3
Probably born in															
another country	216	18.4	17.9	80	8	7.4	130	13.2	12.8	189	17	15.7	93	12.4	11.4
Definitely born in															
another country	104	8.9	8.7	26	2.6	2.5	72	7.3	7	49	4.4	4.1	59	7.9	7.8
Not sure				56	5.6	6.7	149	15.1	15	48	4.3	4.1	107	14.2	13.7
Total	1171	100%	100%	1005	100%	100%	984	100%	100%	1112	100%	100%	751	100%	100%

## How do social scientists explain "Birthers"?

The theory of Motivated Reasoning

Partisanship and ideology play an important role, but so do racial attitudes over and above those factors, in explaining why some people ignore factual information presented in the news - such as two versions of Barack Obama's birth certificate

Some research suggests that behavioral elements of web use also play a role - not necessarily web searches or the use of certain web sites but perhaps the act of forwarding information in emails or on Facebook

## How do such explanations hold up in Low Cost Data Collections (LCDC)?

Means for a measure of Racial Resentment for Whites (4-pt. scale 0 -1)

ANES	.652 (919)
Mechanical Turk	.570 (793)
Zoomerang	.671 (765)
<b>Qualtrics Panel</b>	.669 (607)
<b>Pulse Opinion Research</b>	.616 (830)

## How do such explanations hold up in Low Cost Data Collections (LCDC)?

#### **OLS Regressions Explaining "Birther" Beliefs**

	ANES	MT	ZOOM	Qualtrics	POR
Gender (Male)	**	**		*	
Age (Older)			**		
Income (Lower)	*	**			
Education (Lower)	***	**	*		**
Party ID (Republican)	***	**	***	***	***
Ideology (Conservative)	**	***	***	**	***
Racial Resentment	.247***	.114**	* .329***	.238***	.262***
2 R	.241	.298	.316	.339	.354
* n < 05 ** n < 01 *** n < 001					

<sup>\*</sup> p < .05, \*\* p < .01, \*\*\* p < .001

## Where are we now? Where do we go next?

New data collection methods are changing the nature of campaign reporting

Citizens get more facts but a weaker understanding of the structural meaning and impact of elections

Campaigns lose their function and role as a way to hold incumbents accountable

Politics becomes a game, and citizens lose the meaning of the mandate that the winner receives to govern

## Where are we now? Where do we go next?

Continuing push for greater transparency

Clinton and Rogers: why IVR accuracy is so high

Review / revision in the standard geographical sample

Prepare for new technological advances

### Thank You to

**Department of Communication Studies** 

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Reuters Institute for the Study of Journalism, University of Oxford

Mary Ellen Smith, Kennedy School, Harvard University; Julia Lee and Ashley Jardina, University of Michigan